



# Medicare Part B

## HIGHMARK MEDICARE SERVICES DOCUMENTATION WORKSHEET



Camp Hill, PA 17089  
[www.highmarkmedicare.com](http://www.highmarkmedicare.com)

# E/M Documentation Auditor's Instructions

## 1. History

Refer to data section (table below) in order to quantify. After referring to data, circle the entry farthest to the *RIGHT* in the table, which best describes the HPI, ROS and PFSH. If one column contains three circles, draw a line down that column to the bottom row to identify the type of history. If no column contains three circles, the column containing a circle farthest to the *LEFT*, identifies the type of history.

After completing this table which classifies the history, circle the type of history within the appropriate grid in Section 5.

<b>HISTORY</b>	<b>HPI: Status of chronic conditions:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 condition <input type="checkbox"/> 2 conditions <input type="checkbox"/> 3 conditions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<b>OR</b>				
	<b>HPI (history of present illness) elements:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Location <input type="checkbox"/> Severity <input type="checkbox"/> Timing <input type="checkbox"/> Modifying factors <input type="checkbox"/> Quality <input type="checkbox"/> Duration <input type="checkbox"/> Context <input type="checkbox"/> Associated signs and symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<b>ROS (review of systems):</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Constitutional (wt loss, etc) <input type="checkbox"/> Eyes <input type="checkbox"/> Ears,nose, mouth, throat <input type="checkbox"/> Card/vasc <input type="checkbox"/> Resp <input type="checkbox"/> GI <input type="checkbox"/> GU <input type="checkbox"/> Musculo <input type="checkbox"/> Integumentary (skin, breast) <input type="checkbox"/> Neuro <input type="checkbox"/> Psych <input type="checkbox"/> Endo <input type="checkbox"/> Hem/lymph <input type="checkbox"/> All/immuno <input type="checkbox"/> All others negative	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>PFSH (past medical, family, social history) areas:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Past history ( the patient's past experiences with illnesses, operation, injuries and treatments) <input type="checkbox"/> Family history (a review of medical events in the patient's family, including diseases which may be hereditary or place the patient at risk) <input type="checkbox"/> Social history (an age appropriate review of past and current activities)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<b>PROBLEM FOCUSED</b>	<b>EXP.PROB FOCUSED</b>	<b>DETAILED</b>	<b>COMPREHENSIVE</b>	

**\*Complete ROS:** 10 or more systems, or some systems with statement "all others negative".

**\*\*Complete PFSH:** 2 history areas: a) Established patients - office (outpatient) care; b) Emergency department.

3 history areas: a) New patients - office (outpatient) care, domiciliary care, home care; b) Consultations; c) Initial hospital care; d) Hospital observation; e) Initial Nursing Facility Care.

**NOTE:**For certain categories of E/M services that include only an interval history, it is not necessary to record information about the PFSH. Please refer to procedure code descriptions.

## 2. Examination

Refer to data section (table below) in order to quantify. After referring to data, identify the type of examination. Circle the type of examination within the appropriate grid in Section 5.

Limited to affected body area or organ system (one body area or system related to problem)	<b>PROBLEM FOCUSED EXAM</b>
Affected body area or organ system and other symptomatic or related organ system(s) (additional systems up to total of 7)	<b>EXPANDED PROBLEM FOCUSED EXAM</b>
Extended exam of affected area(s) and other symptomatic or related organ system(s) (additional systems up to total of 7 or more depth than above)	<b>DETAILED EXAM</b>
General multi-system exam (8 or more systems) or complete exam of a single organ system (complete single exam not defined in these instructions)	<b>COMPREHENSIVE EXAM</b>

<b>EXAM</b>	<b>Body areas:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Head, including face <input type="checkbox"/> Chest, including breasts and axillae <input type="checkbox"/> Abdomen <input type="checkbox"/> Neck <input type="checkbox"/> Back, including spine <input type="checkbox"/> Genitalia, groin, buttocks <input type="checkbox"/> Each extremity	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<b>Organ systems:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Constitutional (e.g., vitals, gen app) <input type="checkbox"/> Eyes <input type="checkbox"/> Ears,nose, mouth, throat <input type="checkbox"/> Cardiovascular <input type="checkbox"/> Resp <input type="checkbox"/> GI <input type="checkbox"/> GU <input type="checkbox"/> Musculo <input type="checkbox"/> Skin <input type="checkbox"/> Neuro <input type="checkbox"/> Psych <input type="checkbox"/> Hem/lymph/imm	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<b>PROBLEM FOCUSED</b>	<b>EXP.PROB FOCUSED</b>	<b>DETAILED</b>	<b>COMPREHENSIVE</b>	

### 3. Medical Decision Making

#### Number of Diagnoses or Treatment Options

Identify each problem or treatment option mentioned in the record. Enter the number in each of the categories in Column B in the table below. (There are maximum number in two categories.) Do not categorize the problem(s) if the encounter is dominated by counseling/coordinates of care, and duration of time is not specified. In that case, enter 3 in the total box.

Number of Diagnoses or Treatment Options			
A	B	X	C = D
Problem(s) Status	Number	Points	Result
Self-limited or minor (stable, improved or worsening)	Max = 2	1	
Est. problem (to examiner); stable, improved		1	
Est. problem (to examiner); worsening		2	
New problem (to examiner); no additional workup planned	Max = 1	3	
New prob. (to examiner); add. workup planned		4	
<b>TOTAL</b>			

Multiply the number in columns B & C and put the product in column D. Enter a total for column D.

Bring total to **line A** in Final Result for Complexity (table below)

#### Amount and/or Complexity of Data Reviewed

For each category of reviewed data identified, circle the number in the points column. Total the points.

Amount and/or Complexity of Data Reviewed	
Reviewed Data	Points
Review and/or order of clinical lab tests	1
Review and/or order of tests in the radiology section of CPT	1
Review and/or order of tests in the medicine section of CPT	1
Discussion of test results with performing physician	1
Decision to obtain old records and/or obtain history from someone other than patient	1
Review and summarization of old records and/or obtaining history from someone other than patient and/or discussion of case with another health care provider	2
Independent visualization of image, tracing or specimen itself (not simply review of report)	2
<b>TOTAL</b>	

Bring total to **line C** in Final Result for Complexity (table below)

Use the risk table below as a guide to assign risk factors. It is understood that the table below does not contain all specific instances of medical care; the table is intended to be used as a guide. Circle the most appropriate factor(s) in each category. The overall measure of risk is the highest level circled. Enter the level of risk identified in Final Result for Complexity (table below).

#### Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or Mortality

Level of Risk	Presenting Problem(s)	Diagnostic Procedure(s) Ordered	Management Options Selected
<b>Minimal</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One self-limited or minor problem, e.g., cold, insect bite, tinea corporis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Laboratory tests requiring venipuncture</li> <li>Chest x-rays</li> <li>EKG/EEG</li> <li>Urinalysis</li> <li>Ultrasound, e.g., echo</li> <li>KOH prep</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rest</li> <li>Gargles</li> <li>Elastic bandages</li> <li>Superficial dressings</li> </ul>
<b>Low</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Two or more self-limited or minor problems</li> <li>One stable chronic illness, e.g., well controlled hypertension or non-insulin dependent diabetes, cataract, BPH</li> <li>Acute uncomplicated illness or injury, e.g., cystitis, allergic rhinitis, simple sprain</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physiologic tests not under stress, e.g., pulmonary function tests</li> <li>Non-cardiovascular imaging studies with contrast, e.g., barium enema</li> <li>Superficial needle biopsies</li> <li>Clinical laboratory tests requiring arterial puncture</li> <li>Skin biopsies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Over-the-counter drugs</li> <li>Minor surgery with no identified risk factors</li> <li>Physical therapy</li> <li>Occupational therapy</li> <li>IV fluids without additives</li> </ul>
<b>Moderate</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One or more chronic illnesses with mild exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment</li> <li>Two or more stable chronic illnesses</li> <li>Undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis, e.g., lump in breast</li> <li>Acute illness with systemic symptoms, e.g., pyelonephritis, pneumonitis, colitis</li> <li>Acute complicated injury, e.g., head injury with brief loss of consciousness</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physiologic tests under stress, e.g., cardiac stress test, fetal contraction stress test</li> <li>Diagnostic endoscopies with no identified risk factors</li> <li>Deep needle or incisional biopsy</li> <li>Cardiovascular imaging studies with contrast and no identified risk factors, e.g., arteriogram cardiac cath</li> <li>Obtain fluid from body cavity, e.g., lumbar puncture, thoracentesis, culdocentesis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minor surgery with identified risk factors</li> <li>Elective major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic) with no identified risk factors</li> <li>Prescription drug management</li> <li>Therapeutic nuclear medicine</li> <li>IV fluids with additives</li> <li>Closed treatment of fracture or dislocation without manipulation</li> </ul>
<b>High</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One or more chronic illnesses with severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment</li> <li>Acute or chronic illnesses or injuries that may pose a threat to life or bodily function, e.g., multiple trauma, acute MI, pulmonary embolus, severe respiratory distress, progressive severe rheumatoid arthritis, psychiatric illness with potential threat to self or others, peritonitis, acute renal failure</li> <li>An abrupt change in neurologic status, e.g., seizure, TIA, weakness or sensory loss</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cardiovascular imaging studies with contrast with identified risk factors</li> <li>Cardiac electrophysiological tests</li> <li>Diagnostic endoscopies with identified risk factors</li> <li>Discography</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Elective major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic with identified risk factors)</li> <li>Emergency major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic)</li> <li>Parenteral controlled substances</li> <li>Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for toxicity</li> <li>Decision not to resuscitate or to de-escalate care because of poor prognosis</li> </ul>

#### Final Result for Complexity

Draw a line down any column with 2 or 3 circles to identify the type of decision making in that column. Otherwise, draw a line down the column with the 2nd circle from the left. After completing this table, which classifies complexity, circle the type of decision making within the appropriate grid in Section 5.

Final Result for Complexity					
A	Number diagnoses or treatment options	≤ 1 Minimal	2 Limited	3 Multiple	≥ 4 Extensive
B	Highest Risk	Minimal	Low	Moderate	High
C	Amount and complexity of data	≤ 1 Minimal or low	2 Limited	3 Multiple	≥ 4 Extensive
Type of decision making		STRAIGHT-FORWARD	LOW COMPLEX.	MODERATE COMPLEX.	HIGH COMPLEX.

#### 4. Time

If the physician documents total time *and* suggests that counseling or coordinating care dominates (more than 50%) the encounter, time may determine level of service. Documentation may refer to: prognosis, differential diagnosis, risks, benefits of treatment, instructions, compliance, risk reduction or discussion with another health care provider.

Does documentation reveal total time? Time: Face-to-face in outpatient setting Unit/floor in inpatient setting	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Does documentation describe the content of counseling or coordinating care?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Does documentation reveal that more than half of the time was counseling or coordinating care?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

If all answers are "yes", select level based on time.

## 5. LEVEL OF SERVICE

Outpatient, Consultations (Outpatient & Inpatient) and ER

	New Office / Consults / ER					Established Office				
	Requires 3 components within shaded area					Requires 2 components within shaded area				
<b>History</b>	PF ER: PF	EPF ER: EPF	D ER: EPF	C ER: D	C ER: C	<i>Minimal problem that may not require presence of physician</i>	PF	EPF	D	C
<b>Examination</b>	PF ER: PF	EPF ER: EPF	D ER: EPF	C ER: D	C ER: C		PF	EPF	D	C
<b>Complexity of medical decision</b>	SF ER: SF	SF ER: L	L ER: M	M ER: M	H ER: H		SF	L	M	H
<b>Average time (minutes)</b> <small>ER has no average time</small>	10 New (99201) 15 Outpt cons (99241) 20 Inpat cons (99251) ER (99281)	20 New (99202) 30 Outpt cons (99242) 40 Inpat cons (99252) ER (99282)	30 New (99203) 40 Outpt cons (99243) 55 Inpat cons (99253) ER (99283)	45 New (99204) 60 Outpt cons (99244) 80 Inpat cons (99254) ER (99284)	60 New (99205) 80 Outpt cons (99245) 110 Inpat cons (99255) ER (99285)	5 <small>(99211)</small>	10 <small>(99212)</small>	15 <small>(99213)</small>	25 <small>(99214)</small>	40 <small>(99215)</small>
<b>Level</b>	I	II	III	IV	V	I	II	III	IV	V

Hospital Care

	Initial Hospital/Observation			Subsequent Hospital		
	Requires 3 components within shaded area			Requires 2 components within shaded area		
<b>History</b>	D/C	C	C	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval
<b>Examination</b>	D/C	C	C	PF	EPF	D
<b>Complexity of medical decision</b>	SF/L	M	H	SF/L	M	H
<b>Average time (minutes)</b> <small>(Observation care has no average time)</small>	30 Init hosp (99221) Observ care 99218)	50 Init hosp (99222) Observ care (99219)	70 Init hosp (99223) Observ care (99220)	15 Subsequent (99231)	25 Subsequent (99232)	35 Subsequent (99233)
<b>Level</b>	I	II	III	I	II	III

Nursing Facility Care

	Initial Nursing Facility			Subsequent Nursing Facility				Other Nrsng Facility (Annual Assessment)
	Requires 3 components within shaded area			Requires 2 components within shaded area				Requires 3 components within shaded area
<b>History</b>	D/C	C	C	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval	C interval	D interval
<b>Examination</b>	D/C	C	C	PF	EPF	D	C	C
<b>Complexity of medical decision</b>	SF/L	M	H	SF	L	M	H	L/M
<b>Average time (minutes)</b>	25 99304	35 99305	45 99306	10 99307	15 99308	25 99309	35 99310	30 99318
<b>Level</b>	I	II	III	I	II	III	IV	

Domiciliary, Rest Home (eg, Boarding Home), or Custodial Care Services and Home Care

	Requires 3 components within shaded area					Requires 2 components within shaded area			
	<b>History</b>	PF	EPF	D	C	C	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval
<b>Examination</b>	PF	EPF	D	C	C	PF	EPF	D	C
<b>Complexity of medical decision</b>	SF	L	M	M	H	SF	L	M	M/H
<b>Average time (minutes)</b>	20 Domiciliary (99324); Home care (99341);	30 Domiciliary (99325); Home care (99342);	45 Domiciliary (99326); Home care (99343);	60 Domiciliary (99327); Home care (99344);	75 Domiciliary (99328); Home care (99345);	15 Domiciliary (99334); Home care (99347);	25 Domiciliary (99335); Home care (99348);	40 Domiciliary (99336); Home care (99349);	60 Domiciliary (99337); Home care (99350);
<b>Level</b>	I	II	III	IV	V	I	II	III	IV

PF = Problem focused EPF = Expanded problem focused D = Detailed C = Comprehensive SF = Straightforward L = Low M = Moderate H = High